

# **Economical inverter with simple operation**

# NE-S1 Series



# What's "NES"? **New Inverter** Small, Simple



NEXT generation inverter opens the door to NEW market segments

# Ecological& Economical

ECOLOGICAL - saves energy ECONOMICAL - simple to install and easy to use

# **Space Saving**

Among the smallest form-factors in their category: -43% smaller than equivalent X200 (0.2 kW) -Side-by-side installation to save panel space

> No space between

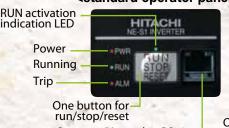
> > Side-by-side installation: derating for carrier frequency and output current required

# **Simple Operation**

Run/Stop/Reset is integrated in one button for simple operation.

Full-function attachable operator available as an option. (refer to p.15)

<standard operator panel> <option operator panel>



Operator/Keypad or RS485 communication port



Pot for frequency adjustment

Customization

# Global Standards

- Conformity to global standards Conforms to CE/UL/c-UL/c-Tick
- Compatible to both sink and source logic as standard Logic input is compatible with both sink and source logic.



Customization for specific applications is available. (contact Hitachi)

**Optional** 

For Network

RS485 Modbus-RTU Communication port is standard

# Developed by Hitachi and Economical







# Inherent Functions to achieve energy savings

Automatic energy saving function is implemented to minimize energy consumption.

- Arithmetic and Delay Functions
  - Arithmetic operation, delay functions and simplify external hardware.
- Keypad / Terminal Switching
  - Source of frequency and run commands can be selected via intelligent terminal.
- 2nd Motor Function
  - Settings for 1st and 2nd motor can be selected via intelligent input.
- Three-wire Operation Function
  - Momentary contact for RUN and STOP can be utilized.
- Analog Input Disconnection Detect Function
  - Upon the loss of analog signal, a preconfigured signal can be activated.
  - \*Parameter change and setting by keypad etc.



# **Application**

Optimal performance for energy saving applications such as fans and pumps



Fan and air conditioners •air conditioning systems •fans and blowers •clean rooms



Pumps
-water and
wastewater pump
systems
-tank-less water
supply and



Food
Processing
Machines
\*slicers \*mixers
\*confectionery
machines
\*Fruit Sorters

#### **Model Configuration**

Applicable motor kV	0.2(1/4)	0.4(1/2)	0.75(1)	1.5(2)	2.2(3)		
Three Phase 200V	LB	•	•	•	•	•	
Single Phase 200V	SB	•	•	•	•	•	
Three Phase 400V	HB		•	•	•	•	

#### **Model Name Indication**

### **NES1-002 S B**

Series Name

B: Without keypad

Power Source
S: 1-phase 200V class
002: 0.2kW(1/4HP) -022: 2.2kW(3HP)

L: 3-phase 200V class
H: 3-phase 400V class

#### CONTENTS

Features —	1-2
Standard Specifications —	3
Dimensions —	4
Operation and Programming —	5
Operation / Terminal Functions -	6
Function List	<b>7-10</b>
Protective Functions	11
Connecting Diagram —	12-13
Wiring and Accessories —	14-15
Torque characteristics/Derating Curve	es — 16
For Correct Operation	17-18

# **Standard Specifications**

#### ● 1-/3-phase 200V class

Model NES1-		002SB	004SB	007SB	015SB	022SB			
Model NES1-			002LB	004LB	007LB	015LB	022LB		
	Applicable motor size, 4-pole kW	/(HP) *1	0.2(1/4)	0.4(1/2)	0.75(1)	1.5(2)	2.2(3)		
	Rated capacity	200V	0.4	0.9	1.3	2.4	3.4		
Output	Hateu capacity	240V	0.5	1.0	1.6	2.9	4.1		
Ratings	Rated output current (A) *2	Rated output current (A) *2		2.6	4.0	7.1	10.0		
	Overload capacity(output current	Overload capacity(output current)		150% for 60 sec.					
	Rated output voltage (V)		3-phase (3-wire) 200 to 240V (corresponding to input voltage)						
	Rated input voltage (V)		SB: 1-phase 200 to 240V+10%, -15%, 50/60Hz ±5% LB: 3-phase 200 to 240V+10%, -15%, 50/60Hz ±5%						
Input Rating	Data dia anta anno 1/A)	SB	3.1	5.8	9.0	16.0	22.5		
	Rated input current (A)	LB	1.8	3.4	5.0	9.3	13.0		
Enclosure *4 Cooling method		IP20							
			Self-cooling			Force ventilation			
Weight (kg)		0.7	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.3			
		LB	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.3		

#### ● 3-phase 400V class

Model NES1-			004HB	007HB	015HB	022HB		
	Applicable motor size, 4-pole kW(HP) *1		0.4(1/2)	0.75(1)	1.5(2)	2.2(3)		
	Rated capacity (kVA)	380V	0.9	1.6	2.6	3.6		
Output	hateu capacity (KVA)	480V	1.2	2.0	3.4	4.5		
Ratings	Rated output current (A) *2		1.5	2.5	4.1	5.5		
	Overload capacity(output current)		150% for 60 sec.					
	Rated output voltage (V)		3-phase (3-wire) 380 to 480V (corresponding to input voltage)					
Input Rating	Rated input voltage (V)		3-phase 380 to 480V +10%, -15%, 50/60Hz ±5%					
input hating	Rated input current (A)		2	3.3	5.2	7		
Enclosure *4		IP20						
Cooling Method			Self-cooling	Force ventilation				
Weight (kg)			C	).9	1.0	1.1		

#### **General Specifications**

	Item		General Specifications			
	Control method		Line-to-line sine wave pulse-width modulation (PWM) control			
	Output frequency	range *5	0.01 to 400Hz			
	Frequency accuracy *6		Digital command :±0.01%, Analog command ±0.4% (25 ±10°C)			
	Frequency setting		Digital: 0.01Hz, Analog: (max frequency)/1000			
Control	Voltage/Frequency		V/f control,V/f variable (constant torque, reduced torque)			
Control	Acceleration/deceleration time Starting torque *7 Carrier frequency range		0.00 to 3000 sec. (linear, sigmoid), two-stage accel./decel.			
			100%/6Hz			
			2.0 to 15kHz			
	Protective function	าร	Over-current, Over-voltage, Under-voltage, Overload, Overheat, Ground fault at power-on, Input over-voltage, External trip, Memory error, CPU error, USP error, Driver error, Output phase loss protection			
	Specification		10kohm input impedance, sink/source logic selectable			
Input terminal	Functions		FW(Forward), RV(Reverse), CF1-CF3(Multispeed command), JG(Jogging), DB(External DC braking), SET(Second motor constants setting), 2CH(Second accel./decel.), FRS(Free-run stop), EXT(External trip), USP(Unattended start protection), SSF(Software lock), AT(Analog input selection), RS(Reset), STA(3-wire start), STP(3-wire stop), F/R(3-wire fixed), PID(PID On/Off), PIDC(PID reset), UP/DWN(Remote-controlled accel./decel.), UDC(Remote-controlled data clearing), OPE(Operator controll), SF1-SF3(multispeed bit), OLR(overload restriction selection), LAC(LAD cancellation, ADD(ADD frequency enable), F-TM(force terminal mode), KHC(cumulative power clearance), AHD(analog command holding), HLD(retain output frequency), ROK(permission of run command), DISP (display limitation), NO(Not selected)			
		Specification	27V DC 50mA max open collector output, 1 terminals 1c output relay (AL0, AL1, AL2 terminals)			
Output signal	Intelligent output terminal	Function	RUM(run signal), FA1(Frequency arrival type 1 - constant speed), FA2(Frequency arrival type 2 - over-frequency), OL(overload advance notice signal), OD(output deviation for PID control), AL(alarm signal), DC(Wire brake detect on analog input), FBV(PID Second Stage Output), NDC(ModBus Network Detection Signal), LOG(Logic Output Function), ODC(analog voltage input disconnection), LOC(Low load), FA3(Set frequency reached), UV(Under voltage), RNT(Operation time over), ONT(Plug-in time over), THM(Thermal alarm signal), ZS(0 Hz detection signal), IBDY(Inverter ready), FWR(Forward rotation), RVR(Reverse rotation), MJA(Major failure)			
	Moniter output terminal	Function	PWM output; Select analog output frequency monitor, analog output current monitor or digital output frequency monitor			
Operator	Operation key		1 unified key for RUN/STOP/RESET ON: this key has function of "RUN"(regardless run command source setting (A002/A201).) OFF: this key has function of "STOP/RESET When optional operator is connected, operation from key is disabled.			
	Status LED Interfa		Control power supply LED (Red),LED during operation (yellow-green),Operation button operation LED (yellow-green),LED during tripping (Red), 4LED in total			
	Frequency	Operator keypad(Option)	Up and Down keys / Value settings or analog setting via potentiometer on operator keypad			
	setting	External signal *8	0 to 10 V DC or 4 to 20 mA RS485 interface (Modbus RTU)			
Operation		Serial port Operator Keypad(Option)	Run key / Stop key (change FW/RV by function command)			
	FW/RV Run	External signal	FW Run/Stop (NO contact), RV set by terminal assignment (NC/NO), 3-wire input available			
		Serial port	RS485 interface (Modbus RTU)			
	Operating temperature		-10 to 50°C(carrier derating required for aambient temperature higher than 40°C(022SB:temperature higher than 30°C)), no freezing When attach option FFM, in 015/022SB the derating becomes needless.			
Environment	Storage temperatu	IΓΩ	-20 to 60°C			
	Humidity	JI C	20 to 90% RH			
	Vibration		5.9mm/s² (0.6G) 10 to 55Hz			
Location			Altitude 1,000 m or less, indoors (no corrosive gasses or dust)			
	Other funct	ions	AVR (Automatic Voltage Regulation), Vf characteristic selection, accel./decel. curve selection, frequency upper/lower limit, 8 stage multispeed, PID control, frequency jump, external frequency input bias start/end, jogging, trip history etc.			
	Options		Remote operator with copy function (WOP), Remote operator (OPE-SRmini, OPE-SR), Operator (NES1-OP), input/output reactors, DC reactors, radio noise filters, LCR filter, communication cables (ICS-1, 3)			

Note 1: The applicable motor refers to Hitachi standard 3-phase motor (4-pole). When using other motors, care must be taken to prevent the rated motor current (50/60 Hz) from exceeding the rated output current of the inverter.

the inverter.

Note 2: The output voltage decreases as the main supply voltage decreases (except when using the AVR function). In any case, the output voltage cannot exceed the input power supply voltage.

Note 3: The braking torque via capacitive feedback is the average deceleration torque at the shortest deceleration (stopping from 50/60 Hz as indicated). It is not continuous regenerative braking torque. The average decel torque varies with motor loss. This value decreases when operating beyond 50 Hz.

Note 4: The protection method conforms to JIS C 0920(IEC60529).

Note 5: To operate the motor beyond 50/60 Hz, consult the motor manufacturer for the maximum allowable rotation speed.

Note 6: The output frequency may exceed the maximum frequency setting (A004 or A204) for automatic stabilization control.

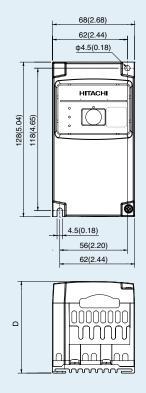
Note 7: At the rated voltage when using a Hitachi standard 3-phase, 4pole motor.

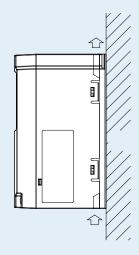
Note 8: DC 4 to 20 mA Input, need parameter setting by Keypad etc.

Analog input voltage or current can be switched by switch as individually and not use them in the same time.

#### NES1-002SB, 004SB, 002LB, 004LB, 007LB

[Unit: mm(inch)] Inches for reference only

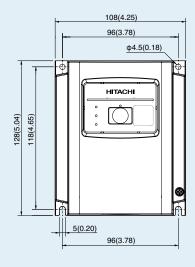


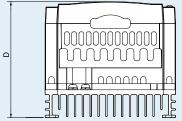


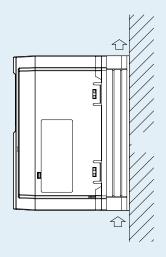
Model	D
002LB, 002SB	76 (2.99)
004LB, 004SB	91 (3.58)
007LB	115 (4.53)

\*002 to 007LB/002,004SB:without cooling fan.

#### NES1-007SB, 015SB, 022SB, 015LB, 022LB, 004HB, 007HB, 015HB, 022HB





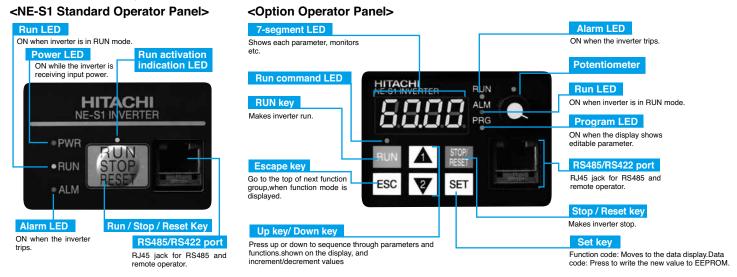


Model	D
007SB, 004HB, 007HB	96 (3.78)
015LB, 015SB	107 (4.21)
015HB	111 (4.37)
022LB, 022SB, 022HB	125 (4.92)

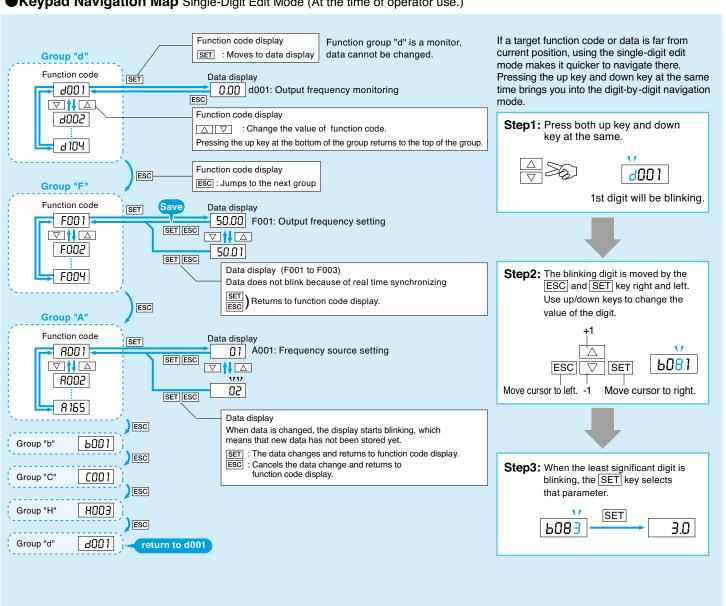
 $<sup>^\</sup>star 007 SB/004 HB$  :without cooling fan.

### **Operation and Programming**

The NE-S1 series can be easily operated with the digital operator provided as standard. Change and setting parameter by Keypad (NES1-OP). The digital operator can also be detached and used for remote-control. An operator with copy function is also available as an option.



#### ● Keypad Navigation Map Single-Digit Edit Mode (At the time of operator use.)



# **Operation / Terminal Functions**

#### **Terminal Description**

#### **Terminal Symbol**

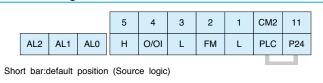
Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name
L1,L2,N/L3	Main power supply input terminals
U/T1,V/T2,W/T3	Inverter output terminals
+1,+	DC reactor connection terminals
<b>(b)</b>	Ground connection terminal

#### **Screw Diameter and Terminal Width**

Model	Screw diameter (mm)	Terminal width W (mm)	
002-004SB	M3.5	7.1	
002-007LB	ivio.5	7.1	+ "+
007-022SB			1/2/1
015-022LB	M4	9.2	
004-022HB			·

#### **Control Circuit Terminals**

#### **Terminal Arrangement**



#### **Terminal Arrangement**

#### • NES1-002-007LB

R(L1)	S(L2)	T(L3)	P(+)
U(T1)	V(T2)	W(T3)	PD(+1)

#### • NES1-002,004SB

	L1		N	P(+)
I	U(T1)	V(T2)	W(T3)	PD(+1)

#### • NES1-015,022LB,004-022HB

R(L1)	S(L2)	T(L3)	PD(+1)	P(+)	U(T1)	V(T2)	W(T3)

#### • NES1-007-022SB

L1	N	PD(+1)	P(+)	U(T1)	V(T2)	W(T3)

#### **Terminal Function**

rerminai F	unction		
	Terminal name		
	FM	Monitor terminal (frequency, current, etc.)	PWM out put(0 to10V DC, 1mA max.)
	L	Common for inputs	_
	P24	+24V for logic inputs	24V DC, 30mA (do not short to terminal L)
	PLC	Intelligent input common	_
Input/monitor	5	Intelligent (programable) input terminals, selection from: FW(Forward), RV(Reverse), CF1-CF3(Multispeed command), JG(Jogging),	
signals	4	DB(External DC braking), SF1-SF3(multispeed bit), SET(Second motor constants setting), 2CH(Second accel./decel.), FRS(Free-run stop), EXT(External trip), USP(Unattended start protection), SFT(Software lock), RS(Reset), STA(3-wire start),	Operated by closing switch.
	3	STP(3-wire stop), F/R(3-wire fwd./rev.), PID(PID on/Off), PIDC(PID reset), OLR(overload restriction selection), UP/DWN(Remote-controlled accel./decel.), UDC(Remote-controlled data clearing), OPE(Operator control), ADD(Frequency setpoint),	SW (Input logic is selectable)
	2	F-TM(Force terminal enable),KHC(cumulative power clearance), AHD(analog command holding), HLD(retain output frequency),	1-5
	1	ROK(permission of run command), DISP (display limitation) or NO(Not selected).	
	Н	+10V analog reference	10V DC, 10mA max
Freqency setting	O/OI	Analog input, voltage/ Analog input, current Switch able by switch but not use them in the same time.	0 to 10V DC, input impedance10kohm 4 to 20mA DC, input impedance 250ohm
	L	Common for inputs $ \begin{array}{c cccc} (1k\Omega-2k\Omega) & DC0-10V & DC4-20mA \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & $	_
Output signals	11	Intelligent (programable) output terminals, selection from: RUN(run signal), FA1(Frequency arrival type 1 -constant speed), FA2(Frequency arrival type 2 -over-frequency), OL(overload advance notice signal), OD(Output deviation for PID control), AL(alarm signal), FA3(Set frequency reached), UV(Under voltage), RNT(Operation time over), ONT(Plug-in time over), ONT(Plug-in time over), ONT(Plug-in time over), DC(Wire brake detect on analog input), FBV(Feedback voltage comparison), NDc(analog voltage input disconnection), LOG1(Logic operation result), LOC(Low Load Detection).	Open collector output L level at operation (ON) 27V DC, 50mA max.
	CM2	Common for intelligent output terminals	_
	AL2	·	Resistance load Inductive load  AL1-AL0  Maximum contact   250V AC, 2A   250V AC, 0.2A
Relay output	AL1	Relay contact (alarm output) terminals (programable, function is selectable same as	capacity   30V DC, 3A   30V DC, 0.6A   Minimum contact   100 V AC, 10mA   capacity   5 V DC, 100mA   AL2-AL0
	AL0	intelligent output terminals). Trip/Power OFF: AL0-AL2 closed	Maximum contact   250V AC, 1A   250V AC, 0.2A   capacity   30V DC, 1A   30V DC, 0.2A   Minimum contact   100 V AC, 10mA   5 V DC, 100mA

# **Function List**

The parameter tables in this chapter have a column titled "Run Mode Edit." An Ex mark x means the parameter cannot be edited; a Check mark  $\lor$  means the parameter can be edited. The table example to the right contains two adjacent marks "x  $\lor$  ". These two marks (that can also be "xx" or " $\lor$   $\lor$  ") correspond to low-access or high-access levels to Run Mode edits (note Lo and Hi in column heading). Parameter shown in case "b037" is "00" (Full display).

#### **Monitoring and Main Profile Parameters**

✓: Allowed
X: Not allowed

Function (	0-4-	Name	Dance	Default	Unit	Run mo	ode edit
Function (	Code	Name	Range	Derault	Unit	Lo	Hi
	d001	Output frequency monitoring	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	-	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	d002	Output current monitor	0.0 to 6553.5	_	Α	-	-
	d003	Rotation direction monitor	F(Forward)/o(Stop)/r(Reverse)	_	-	_	-
	d004	PID feedback monitoring	0.00 to 99.99 in steps of 0.01 / 100.0 to 999.9 in steps of 0.1 1000. to 9999. in steps of 1 1000 to 9999 in steps of 10 / \(\int 100 to \(\int 999\) in units of 1000	-	-	-	-
	d005	Intelligent input terminal status	ON e.g. :1,2 : ON 3,4,5 : OFF	-	-	-	-
	d006	Intelligent output terminal status	OFF e.g. :11 : ON AL : OFF	-	-	-	-
	d007	Scaled output frequency monitoring	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 999.9/1000. to 9999./1000 to 3999	-	_	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	d013	Output voltage monitor	0.0 to 600.0	-	V	-	-
	d014	Power monitoring	0 to 999.9	-	kW	-	-
	d015	Cumulative power monitoring	0.0 to 999.9 in steps of 1 kW/h, or the unit set for function "b079" 1000 to 9999 in units of 10 kW/h, or the unit set for function "b079" 「100 to 「999 in units of 1000 kW/h, or the unit set for function "b079"	-	-	-	-
Monitor	d016	Cumulative operation RUN time monitoring	0. to 9999. in units of 1 hour 1000 to 9999 in units of 10 hours 「100 to 「999 in units of 1,000 hours	-	hr	-	-
	d017	Cumulative power-on time monitoring	0. to 9999. in units of 1 hour 1000 to 9999 in units of 10 hours 「100 to 「999 in units of 1.000 hours	-	hr	-	-
	d018	Heat sink temperature monitoring	-020. to 120.0	_	°C	-	_
	d050	Dual Monitoring	display the monitoring data selected by b160, b161	-	-	_	-
	d080	Trip counter	0. to 9999. in units of 1 trip 1000 to 6553 in units of 10 trips	-	time	-	-
	d081	Trip monitor 1		-	_	-	-
	d082	Trip monitor 2		_	_	-	-
	d083	Trip monitor 3	Displays trip event information	-	_	-	_
	d084	Trip monitor 4	Displays trip event information	_	_	_	_
	d085	Trip monitor 5		_	-	_	_
	d086	Trip monitor 6		_	_	_	_
	d090	Warning monitoring	Warning code	-	-	Х	×
	d102	DC voltage monitoring	0.0 to 999.9/1000.	-	V	Х	×
	d104	Electronic thermal overload monitoring	0.0 to 100.0	-	%	Х	Х
	F001	Output frequency setting	0.0,start frequency to Maximum frequency(1st/2st) 0.0 to 100.0(%)(PID function on time)	0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	~
Main Profile	F002	Acceleration time (1)	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 999.9/1000. to 3600.	10.00	S	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	F202	Acceleration time (1),2nd motor	0.00 (0 33.33 100.0 (0 333.3 1000. (0 3000.	10.00	S	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Parameters	F003	Deceleration time (1)	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 999.9/1000. to 3600.	10.00	S	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	F203	Deceleration time (1),2nd motor	0.00 to 33.33/100.0 to 333.3/1000. to 3000.	10.00	S	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	F004	Keypad Run key routing	00(Forward)/01(Reverse)	00	_	Х	X

#### A Group: Standard Functions

✓: Allowed X: Not allowed

Function	. 0-4-	Name	Range		Unit	Run mode edit	
Function	Code	Name	Hange	Default	Unit	Lo	Hi
	A001	Frequency source setting	00(Keypad potentiometer)/01 (control circuit terminal block)/02 (digital operator)/03	01	-	Х	Х
	A201	Frequency source setting, 2nd motor	(Modbus)/10 (operation function result)	01	_	Х	Х
	A002	Run command source setting	04/	01	-	Х	Х
Basic	A202	Run command source setting, 2nd motor	01(control circuit terminal block)/02 (digital operator)/03 (Modbus)	01	-	Х	Х
setting	A003	Base frequency setting	30.0 to "maximum frequency(1st)"	60.0	Hz	Х	Х
ŭ	A203	Base frequency setting, 2nd motor	30.0 to "maximum frequency(2st)"	60.0	Hz	Х	Х
	A004	Maximum frequency setting	"Base frequency(1st)" to 400.0	60.0	Hz	Х	Х
	A204	Maximum frequency setting, 2nd motor	"Base frequency(2st)" to 400.0	60.0	Hz	Х	Х
	A011	[O/OI] input active range start frequency	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
	A012	[O/OI] input active range end frequency	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
Analog input setting	A013	Aanalog input active range start voltage	0 to 100	0.	%	Х	<b>✓</b>
	A014	Aanalog input active range end voltage	0 to 100	100.	%	Х	<b>✓</b>
	A015	Aanalog input start frequency enable	00(use set value)/01(use 0 Hz)	01	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
	A016	Analog input filter	1 to 30 or 31 (500 ms filter ±0.1 Hz with hysteresis)	31.	Spl	Х	<b>✓</b>
	A019	Multi-speed operation selection	00(Binary mode)/01(Bit mode)	00	-	Х	Х
	A020	Multi-speed frequency setting (0)		0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A220	Multi-speed frequency (2nd), setting 2nd motor	0.0/start freq. to maximum freq.		Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A021	Multi-speed frequency setting (1)			Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A022	Multi-speed frequency setting (2)			Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A023	Multi-speed frequency setting (3)			Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A024	Multi-speed frequency setting (4)		0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Multi-speed	A025	Multi-speed frequency setting (5)		0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
and jogging	A026	Multi-speed frequency setting (6)		0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A027	Multi-speed frequency setting (7)		0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A038	Jog frequency	Start frequency to 9.99	6.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A039	Jog stop mode	00 (free-running after jogging stops [disabled during operation])/01 (deceleration and stop after jogging stops [disabled during operation])/02 (DC braking after jogging stops [disabled during operation])/03 (free-running after jogging stops [enabled during operation])/04 (deceleration and stop after jogging stops [enabled during operation])/05 (DC braking after jogging stops [enabled during operation])	04	-	×	<b>~</b>
	A041	Torque boost select	00(Manual)/01(Automatic)	00	-	Х	Х
	A241	Torque boost select 2nd motor	00(Manual)/01(Automatic)	00	_	Х	Х
V/f	A042	Manual torque boost value	0.0 to 20.0	1.0	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Characteristic	A242	Manual torque boost value, 2nd motor	0.0 to 20.0	1.0	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A043	Manual torque boost frequency adjustment	0.0 to 50.0	5.0	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A243	Manual torque boost frequency adjustment, 2nd motor	0.0 to 50.0	5.0	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

# **Function List**

#### A Group: Standard Functions

✓: Allowed X: Not allowed

Function	Code	Name	Range	Default	Unit		ode edit
· anonon						Lo	Hi
	A044	V/f characteristic curve selection	00(VC)/01(VP)/02(free V/ f )	00	-	X	Х
	A244	V/f characteristic curve selection, 2nd motor	00(VC)/0(VP)/02(free V/ f )	00	-	Х	Х
	A045	V/f gain	20. to 100.	100.	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
V/f	A245	V/f gain, 2nd motor	20.10 100.	100.	%	✓	<b>✓</b>
Characteristic	A046	Voltage compensation gain for automatic torque boost	0. to 255.	100.	_	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Jnaracteristic	A246	Voltage compensation gain for automatic torque boost, 2nd motor	0. 10 255.	100.	-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A047	Slip compensation gain for automatic torque boost		100.	-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A247	Slip compensation gain for automatic torque boost, 2nd motor	0. to 255.	100.	-	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A051	DC braking enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/02(output freq < [A052])	00	-	Х	<b>V</b>
	A052	DC braking frequency setting	0.00 to 60.00	0.50	Hz	X	V
	A053	DC braking wait time	0.0 to 5.0	0.00	S	X	V
	A054	DC braking wait time  DC braking force during deceleration	0 to 100	50	%	X	V
DC braking	A055	DC braking time for deceleration	0.0 to 10.0	0.5	S S	X	V
JC braking	A056	DC braking time for deceleration  DC braking / edge or level detection for [DB] input	00(Edge)/01(Level)	0.5	_	X	V
	A057	DC braking force at start	0. to 100.	0.	%	X	V
	A058	DC braking time at start	0.0 to 10.0	0.0	S	X	V
-	A059	Carrier frequency during DC braking	2.0 to 15.0	2.0	kHz	×	V
	A059	Frequency upper limit setting		0.00	Hz	X	V
			0.00/Freq. lower limit setting to maximum freq.				-
	A261	Frequency upper limit setting, 2nd motor	0.00/Freq. lower limit setting (2nd) to maximum freq. (2nd)	0.00	Hz	X	✓ ✓
	A062	Frequency lower limit setting	0.00/Start freq. to freq. upper limit setting	0.00	Hz	X	
Frequency	A262	Frequency lower limit setting, 2nd motor	0.00/Start freq. (2nd) to freq. upper limit setting (2nd)	0.00	Hz	X	V
Jpper/Lower	A063	Jump freq. (center) 1	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	X	<b>/</b>
Limit	A064	Jump (hysteresis) frequency setting 1	0.00 to 10.00	0.50	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
and	A065	Jump freq. (center) 2	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
_ Jump	A066	Jump (hysteresis) frequency setting 2	0.00 to 10.00	0.50	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
Frequency	A067	Jump freq. (center) 3	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
	A068	Jump (hysteresis) frequency setting 3PID Enable	0.00 to 10.00	0.50	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
	A069	Acceleration hold frequency	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A070	Acceleration hold time setting	0.0 to 60.0	0.0	S	Х	<b>✓</b>
	A071	PID Enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/02(Enabling inverted data output)	00	_	X	V
	A072	PID proportional gain	0.00 to 25.00	1.00	_	✓	V
	A073	PID integral time constant	0.0 to 999.9/1000. to 3600.	1.0	s	<b>V</b>	V
	A074	PID derivative time constant	0.00 to 99.99/100.0	0.00	s	·	· /
PID Control	A075	PV scale conversion	0.01 to 99.99	1.00	_	X	V
	A076	PV source setting	01 (Analog1)/02(Modbus)/10 (operation result output)	01	_	X	Ž
			00(OFF)/01(ON)	00		×	V
	A077	Reverse PID action					~
	A078	PID output limit	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	%	X	
	A081	AVR function select	00 (always on)/ 01 (always off)/ 02 (off during deceleration)	02	_	X	X
	A281	AVR function select, 2nd motor	3	02	-	X	X
AVR function	A082	AVR voltage select	200V class: 200/215/220/230/240, 400V class:380/400/415/440/480	200/400	V	X	X
	A282	AVR voltage select, 2nd motor	<u> </u>	200/400	V	X	X
	A083	AVR filter time constant	0.000 to 1.000	0.030	S	X	<b>V</b>
	A084	AVR deceleration gain	50. to 200.	100.	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Automatic	A085	Operation mode selection	00(Normal)/01(Energy-saver)	00	-	X	X
Energy Saving	A086	Energy saving mode tuning	0.0 to 100.0	50.0	%	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
	A092	Acceleration time (2)	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 999.9/1000. to 3600.	10.00	S	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A292	Acceleration time (2),2nd motor	0.00 to 33.33/100.0 to 333.3/1000. to 3000.	10.00	s	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A093	Deceleration time (2)	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 999.9/1000. to 3600.	10.00	s	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A293	Deceleration time (2),2nd motor	0.00 10 00.00 100.0 10 000.01 1000. 10 0000.	10.00	S	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A094	Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2 profile	00 (switching by 2CH terminal)/ 01 (switching by setting)/ 02 (Forward and reverse)	00	_	Х	Х
		Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2 profile,					
Operation	A294	2nd motor	00 (switching by 2CH terminal)/ 01 (switching by setting)/ 02 (Forward and reverse)	00	-	×	×
mode and	A095	Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point	0.00 1- 00.00 (100 0 1- 100 0	0.00	Hz	Х	Х
acc./dec.	A295	Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point, 2nd motor	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	X	X
function	A096	Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point		0.00	Hz	X	X
	A296	Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point, 2nd motor	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	X	X
	A097	Acceleration curve selection	00(Linear)/01(S-curve)/ 02 (U curve)/ 03 (inverted-U curve)	00	-	X	X
	A098	Deceleration curve selection	00(Linear)/01(S-curve)/ 02 (U curve)/ 03 (inverted-U curve)	00	_	X	X
	A131	Acceleration curve constant setting (for S, U, Inverse U)	1 to 10	2		X	Ŷ
	A132	Deceleration curve constant setting (for S, U, Inverse U)	1 to 10	2	_	X	V
	A141	A input select for calculate function	00(Digital operator)/01(Keypad potentiometer)	00		X	V
							~
	A142	B input select for calculate function	02(input via Analog1)/04 (external communication) 00(A141+A142)/01(A141-A142)/02(A141x A142)	02		X	~
	A143	Calculation symbol		00		X	
	A145	ADD frequency	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	X	V
	A146	ADD direction select	00 (frequency command + A145)/ 01(frequency command - A145)	00	-	X	V
	A154	Deceleration hold frequency	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	X	<b>V</b>
Frequency	A155	Deceleration hold time setting	0.0 to 60.0	0	S	X	<b>V</b>
Frequency caluculation	A156	PID sleep function action threshold	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	X	<b>✓</b>
	A157	PID sleep function action delay time	0.0 to 25.5	0.0	S	Х	<b>✓</b>
aluculation		PID sleep function return threshhold	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
caluculation	A158				Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
caluculation	A158 A161	[VR] input active range start frequency	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	ПZ	V	
caluculation		[VR] input active range start frequency [VR] input active range end frequency	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0 0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
caluculation	A161						✓ ✓
caluculation	A161 A162	[VR] input active range end frequency	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	

#### **b Group: Fine-tuning Functions**

✓: Allowed X: Not allowed

Function	a Codo	Name	Donce	Default	Unit	Run mo	ode edit
Function	1 Code	Name	Range		Offic	Lo	Hi
	b001	Selection of automatic restart mode	00 (tripping)/ 01 (starting with 0 Hz)/ 02 (starting with matching frequency)/ 03 (tripping after deceleration and stopping with matching frequency)	00	-	X	<b>✓</b>
	b002	Allowable under-voltage power failure time	0.3 to 25.0	1.0	S	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b003	Retry wait time before motor restart	0.3 to 100.0	1.0	S	×	<b>✓</b>
Restart after	b004	Under-voltage trip alarm enable	00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)/ 02 (disabling during stopping and decelerating to stop)	00	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
instantaneous	b005	Under-voltage trip events	00 (16 times)/ 01 (No limit)	00	_	Х	<b>✓</b>
power failure	b007	Restart frequency threshold	0.00 to 400.00	0.50	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b008	Selection of retry after tripping	00 (tripping)/ 01 (starting with 0 Hz)/ 02 (starting with matching frequency)/ 03 (tripping after deceleration and stopping with matching frequency)	00	-	×	<b>~</b>
	b010	Selection of retry count after undervoltage	1 to 3	3	times	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b011	Start frequency to be used in case of frequency pull-in restart	0.3 to 100.0	1.0	S	Х	<b>✓</b>

#### **b Group: Fine-tuning Functions**

【✓: Allowed ★: Not allowed

Function	n Code	Name	Range	Default	Unit	Run m	ode edit
i uncuoi			i idiiye			Lo	Hi
	b012	Electronic thermal setting	0.20 × Rated current to 1.00 × Rated current	Rated current	Α	X	<b>✓</b>
	b212	Electronic thermal setting, 2nd motor	0.20 × Hated current to 1.00 × Hated current	Rated current	Α	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b013	Electronic thermal characteristic	00 (reduced torque characteristic)/ 04 (constant torque characteristic)/ 00 (for a continu	01	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b213	Electronic thermal characteristic, 2nd motor	00 (reduced-torque characteristic)/ 01 (constant-torque characteristic)/ 02 (free setting)	01	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b015	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1)	0 to Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2)	0.	Hz	Х	<b>V</b>
Electronic	b016	Free setting electronic thermal ~current1	0.00 to inverter rated current Amps	0.0	Α	Х	<b>V</b>
thermal			Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1) to Free setting, electronic thermal				
	b017	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2)	frequency (3)	0.	Hz	X	~
	b018	Free setting electronic thermal ~current2	0.00 to inverter rated current Amps	0.0	Α	×	<b>✓</b>
	b019	Free setting electronic thermal ~freq.3	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2) to 400.0	0.	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b020	Free setting electronic thermal ~current3	0.00 to inverter rated current Amps	0.0	Α	X	V
	b021	Overload restriction operation mode	·	01	_	X	· /
	b221	Overload restriction operation mode, 2nd motor	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/02(Enable for during acceleration)	01	_	X	V
	b022	Overload restriction setting		150% of	A	X	V
		•	0.20 × Rated current to 2.00 × Rated current	Rated			
	b222	Overload restriction setting, 2nd motor	OLE A Flatou duffort to 2:00 A flatou duffort	current	Α	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b023	Deceleration rate at overload restriction		1.0	s	Х	
	b223	Deceleration rate at overload restriction, 2nd motor	0.1 to 999.9/1000. to 3000.	1.0	s	X	<b>V</b>
Overload		,	00 (disabling)/ 01 (enabling during acceleration and constant-speed operation)/				
restriction	b024	Overload restriction operation mode 2	02 (enabling during constant-speed operation)	01	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b025	Overload restriction level 2 setting	0.20 × rated current to 2.00×rated current	150% of Rated current	Α	Х	<b>V</b>
	b025	Deceleration rate 2 at overload restriction	0.1 to 999.9/1000. to 3000.	1.0	s	X	V
				01	_	X	V
	b027	OC suppression selection	00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)				
	b028	Current level of active freq. matching restart setting	0.20 × rated current to 2.00 × rated current	Rated current	A	X	V
	b029	Deceleration rate of active freq. matching	0.1 to 999.9/1000. to 3000.	0.5	S	X	<b>V</b>
	b030	Start freq to be used in case of active freq. Matching restart	00 (frequency at the last shutoff)/ 01 (maximum frequency)/ 02 (set frequency)	00	_	X	<b>✓</b>
			00([SFT] input blocks all edits)/01([SFT] input blocks edits except F001 and Multispeed				
Lock	b031	Software lock mode selection	parameters/02(No access to edits)/03(No access to edits except F001 and Multi-speed	01	-	X	<b>✓</b>
			parameters)/10(High-level access,including b031)				
	b034	Run/power ON warning time	0. (Disabling the signal output) /1. to 9999. in units of 10 hours	0.	Hrs	х	<b>~</b>
		*	1000 to 6553 in units of 100 hours				
	b035	Rotation direction restriction	00( Enable for both dir)/ 01 (Enable for forward only)/ 02 (Enable for reverse only)	00	-	Х	X
	b036	Reduced voltage start selection	0 (minimum reduced voltage start time) to 255 (maximum reduced voltage start time)	3	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b037	Function code display restriction	0 (full display), 1 (function-specific display), 3 (data comparison display),	00	_	×	<b>V</b>
	5007	i anonon code dispiay restriction	4 (basicdisplay), 5(monitor display)	00		^	v
			000(Func. code that SET key pressed last displayed.) /				
	b038	Initial display selection	001 to 060(d001 to d060 displayed) / 201(F001displayed) /	001	_	×	<b>✓</b>
			202(B display of LCD operator (In case of Digital operator, same 000 setting)				
	<b>F050</b>	Coloration of the new steer consulting	00(Disabled)/ 01 (enabling)/ 02 (nonstop operation at momentary power failure	00		~	~
	b050	Selection of the non stop operation	(no restoration))/03 (nonstop operation at momentary power failure (restoration to be done))	00	-	Х	×
	b051	DC bus voltage trigger level of ctrl. decel.	200V class:0.0 to 400.0, 400V class:0.0 to 800.0	220.0/440.0	V	Х	Х
	b051	Over-voltage threshold of ctrl. decel.	200V class:0.0 to 400.0, 400V class:0.0 to 800.0	360.0/720.0	V	X	X
	b052	Deceleration time of ctrl. decel.	0.01 to 300.0	1.00	s	X	X
	b053	Frequency width of quick deceleration setting	0.00 to 10.00	0.00	Hz	X	X
	b060		0.00 to 10.00 0 to 100	100.	MZ %	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
		Maximum-limit level of window comparators				~	·
	b061	Minimum-limit level of window comparators	0 to 100	0.	%		
	b062	Hysteresis width of window comparators	0 to 10	0.	%	<b>✓</b>	V
	b070	Operation level at O/OI disconnection	0. to 100., or "no" (ignore)	no	_	X	<b>V</b>
	b078	Watt-hour clearance	00(OFF)/01(CLR)(press STR then clear)	00	_	<b>V</b>	V
	b079	Watt-hour display gain	1.to1000.	1.	_	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	b082	Start frequency adjustment	0.01 to 9.99	0.50	Hz	Х	<b>V</b>
	b083	Carrier frequency setting	2.0 to 15.0	2.0	kHz	Х	<b>✓</b>
	1:004	Initialization mode	00(disabling)/ 01 (clearing the trip history)/ 02 (initializing the data)/	00	_		
	b084	(parameters or trip history)	03 (clearing the trip history and initializing the data)	00	-	×	×
	b085	Country code for initialization	00 (Mode1)/ 01(Mode2)	00	_	X	Х
	b086	Frequency scaling conversion factor	0.01 to 99.99	1.00	-	✓	V
	b087	STOP key enable	00:ON(Enable)/01:OFF(Disable)/02:Only RESET(Disable for stop)	00	_	X	V
	b088	Restart mode after FRS	00(Restart from 0Hz)/01(Restart with frequency detection)	00	_	X	V
					_		
	b089	Automatic carrier frequency reduction	00(disabling)/ 01(enabling( output current controlled))/	00	_	Х	X
Others	b004	Stop made collection	02(enabling( fin temperature controlled))	00	_	V	
	b091	Stop mode selection	00(Deceleration and stop)/01(Free-run stop)	00		X	
	b094	Initialization target data setting	00(All parameters)/01(All parameters except in/output terminals and communication)	00	-	X	X
	b100	Free-setting V/F freq. (1)	0. to b102	0.	Hz	X	X
	b101	Free-setting V/F volt. (1)	200V class:0.0 to 300.0, 400V class:0.0 to 600.0	0.0	V	X	Х
	b102	Free-setting V/F freq. (2)	b100 to b104	0.	Hz	Х	Х
	b103	Free-setting V/F volt. (2)	200V class:0.0 to 300.0, 400V class:0.0 to 600.0	0.0	V	Х	Х
	b104	Free-setting V/F freq. (3)	b102 to b106	0.	Hz	Х	Х
	b105	Free-setting V/F volt. (3)	200V class:0.0 to 300.0, 400V class:0.0 to 600.0	0.0	V	Х	X
	b106	Free-setting V/F freq. (4)	b104 to b108	0.	Hz	X	X
	b107	Free-setting V/F volt. (4)	200V class:0.0 to 300.0, 400V class:0.0 to 600.0	0.0	V	X	X
	b107	Free-setting V/F freq. (5)	b106 to b110	0.0	Hz	X	×
	b100	Free-setting V/F volt. (5)	200V class:0.0 to 300.0, 400V class:0.0 to 600.0	0.0	V	X	×
	b109	Free-setting V/F freq. (6)	b108 to b112	0.	Hz	X	×
			200V class:0.0 to 300.0, 400V class:0.0 to 600.0	0.0	V	X	
	b111	Free-setting V/F volt. (6)					X
	b112	Free-setting V/F freq. (7)	b110 to 400	0.	Hz	X	X
	b113	Free-setting V/F volt. (7)	200V class:0.0 to 300.0, 400V class:0.0 to 600.0	0.0	V	X	X
	b130	Over-voltage LADSTOP enable	00 (OFF)/ 01 (V-count)/ 02 (Accel)/ 03(Acc/Dcc)	00	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b131	Decel. overvolt. suppress level	200V class:330. to 390. , 400V class:660. to 780.	360/720	V	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b132	DC bus AVR constant setting	0.10 to 30.00	1.00	S	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b133	DC bus AVR for decel. Proportional-gain	0.00 to 5.00	0.20	-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	b134	DC bus AVR for decel. Integral-time	0.0 to 150.0	1.0	S	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	b150	Panel Display selection	001 to 050	001	_	V	V
	b160	1st data of d050	001 to 018	001		V	V
	b161	2nd parameter of Double Monitor	001 to 018	001		V	V
						V	V
	b163	Data change mode selection of d001 and d007	00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)	01	_		
	b164	Automatic return to the initial display	00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)	00	_	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	b165	Ex. operator com. loss action	00 (trip)/01 (trip after deceleration to a stop)/02 (Ignore)/03 (coasting (FRS))/	02	_	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
		·	04 (decelerates to a stop)				
		Data Read/Write select	00 (Read/Write OK)/01 (Protected)	00	_	X	<b>✓</b>
	b166 b180	Initialization trigger	00 (initialization disable)/01 (perform initialization)	00	_	X	Х

# **Function List**

#### **C** Group: Intelligent Terminal Functions

✓: Allowed X: Not allowed

F ati a	. 0-4-	Nama	Dance	Default	Link	Run mo	ode edit
Function	1 Code	Name	Range	Default	Unit	Lo	Hi
	C001	Terminal [1] function	00(FW:Forward), 01(RV:Reverse), 02-04(CF1-CF3:Multispeed command), 06(JG:Jogging), 07(DB:External DC braking), 08(SET:Second motor constants setting), 09(CB1-Consed cost (dept.) 14(FB2-Frac up to b) 14(FC-VF)-tracent trip)	00	-	×	<b>~</b>
	C002	Terminal [2] function	09(2CH:Second accel./decel.), 11(FRS:Free-run stop), 12(EXT:External trip), 13(USP:Unattended start protection), 15(SFT:Software lock), 18(RS:Reset), 20(STA:3-wire start), 21(STP:3-wire stop), 22(FIR:3-wire fwd./rev.), 23(FID:PID On/Off),	01	-	×	<b>✓</b>
Intelligent input	C003	Terminal [3] function	24(PIDC:PID reset), 27(UP:Remote-controlled accel.), 28(DWN:Remote-controlled decel.), 29(UDC:Remote-controlled data clearing), 31(OPE:Operator control),	02	-	×	<b>✓</b>
terminal	C004	Terminal [4] function	32 -34(SF1-SF3: multispeed birtl, 39 (OLR: overload restriction selection), 50(ADD: Frequency setpoint), 51(F-TM: Force terminal enable), 53(S-ST: Special-Set (select) 2nd Motor Data), 65 (AHD: analog command holding),	03	-	×	<b>✓</b>
	C005	Terminal [5] function	83 (HLD: retain output frequency), 84 (ROK: permission of run command), 86 (DISP: display limitation),255(NO:Not selected),	18	-	×	<b>✓</b>
	C011- C015	Terminal [1] to [5] active state	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C021	Terminal [11] function	00(RUN:run signal), 01(FA1:Frequency arrival type 1 - constant speed), 02(FA2:Frequency arrival type 2 - over-frequency), 03(OL:overload advance notice signal), 04(OD:Output deviation for PID control), 05(AL:alarm signal), 06(DC:Wire brake detect on analog input), 09(LOG: Logic operation result),11 (RNT: run time expired), 12 (ONT: power ON time expired), 13 (THM: thermal warning), 21 (ZS: 0Hz detection), 27 (ODc: Analog input disconnect detection),31 (FBV: PID second stage output),	01	-	×	~
	C026	Alarm relay function	32 (NDc: Network disconnect detection), 33 (LOG1: Logic output function 1), 41 (FR: Starting contact signal), 42 (OHF: Heat sink overheat warning), 50 (IRDY:Inverter ready), 51 (FWR:Forward rotation), 52 (RVR:Reverse rotation), 53 (MJA:Major failure), 54 (WCO: Window comparator), 58 (FREF: Frequency command source), 59 (REF: Run command source), 60 (SETM:Second motor in operation), 255 (NO: Not selected)	05	-	×	~
	C027	FM signal selection (Pulse/PWM output)	00 (output frequency), 01 (output current), 03 (digital output frequency), 04 (output voltage), 05 (input power), 06 (electronic thermal overload), 07 (LAD frequency), 08 (digital current monitoring), 10 (heat sink temperature)	07	-	×	~
Intelligent	C030	Digital current monitor reference value	0.20 × rated current to 2.00 × rated current	Rated current	Α	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
input	C031	Terminal [11] active state	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	-	X	<b>V</b>
terminal	C036	Alarm relay active state	00(NO)/01(NC)	01	-	X	<b>✓</b>
	C038	Output mode of low load detection signal  Low load detection level	00 (output during acceleration/deceleration and constant-speed operation)/ 01 (output only during constant-speed operation) 0.00 to 2.00 × Rated current to 2.00 × rated current	O1 Rated current	— А	×	✓ ✓
	C040	Output mode of overload warning	00 (output during acceleration/deceleration and constant-speed operation)/ 01 (output only during constant-speed operation)	01	-	×	<b>✓</b>
	C041 C241	Overload level setting Overload level setting, 2nd motor	0.00 × Rated current to 2.00 × Rated current	115% of Rated current	Α	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
	C042	Frequency arrival setting for acceleration	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	X	V
	C043	Frequency arrival setting for deceleration	0.00 to 99.99/100.0 to 400.0	0.00	Hz	Х	<b>V</b>
	C044	PID deviation level setting	0.0 to 100.0	3.0	%	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C052	Feedback comparison upper level	0.0 to 100.0	100.0	%	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C053	Feedback comparison lower level	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	%	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C061	Electronic thermal warning level	0. to 100.	90.	%	X	<b>V</b>
	C063	Zero speed detection level	0.00 to 99.99/100.0	0.00	Hz °C	×	✓ ✓
	C064 C070	Heat sink overheat warning SELECTION OF OPE/MODBUS	0. to 110. 00(OPE)/01(Modbus)	100. 00	-	X	V
	C070	Communication speed	04(4800bps)/ 05(9600bps)/ 06(19.2kbps)/07(38.4kbps)	05	bps	×	×
	C072	Node allocation	1 to 247	1.	_ _	X	<b>V</b>
	C074	Communication parity selection	00(No parity)/01(Even parity)/02(Odd parity)	00	_	X	<i>\</i>
Serial	C075	Communication stop bit selection	01(1-bit)/02(2-bit)	01	bit	X	V
communication	C076	Communication error mode	00(Trip)/01(Tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor)/02(Disable)/ 03(FRS)/04(Deceleration stop)	02	-	×	<b>V</b>
	C077	Communication error time-out	0.00(disabled)/0.01 to 99.99	0.00	s	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C078	Communication wait time	0. to 1000.	0.	ms	Х	<b>✓</b>
Analog meter setting		O/OI input span calibration	0.0 to 200.0	100.0	%	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>
	C091	Debug mode enable	00(MD0)/01(MD1)	00		-	-
	C101 C102	Up/Down memory mode selection  Reset mode selection	00 (not storing the frequency data)/ 01 (storing the frequency data) 00(Cancel trip state at input signal ON transition)/ 01(Cancel trip state at signal OFF transition)/07(Cancel trip state at input signal ON transition)	00		×	✓ ✓
	C103	Restart mode after reset	transition)/02(Cancel trip state at input signal ON transition)  00 (starting with 0 Hz)/01 (restarting with active matching frequency)	00	_	X	<b>V</b>
	C104 C105	UP/DWN clear: terminal input mode selection FM gain adjustment	00(0Hz)/01(Flash data when power supply is turned on) 50. to 200.	00 100.	%	× /	V
	C130	Output 11 on-delay time	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	S	×	<b>V</b>
	C131	Output 11 off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	S	X	· /
	C140	Output RY on-delay time	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	s	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C141	Output RY off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	s	Х	<b>✓</b>
Others	C142	Logical output signal 1 selection 1	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG3 & OPO , no)	00	-	X	Х
2	C143	Logical output signal 1 selection 2	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG3 & OPO , no)	00		X	X
	C144	Logical output signal 1 operator selection	00(AND)/01(OR)/02(XOR)	00	_	X	V
	C151 C152	Button sensitivity selection Scroll sensitivity selection	0 to 250 / no 1 to 20	10 10	_	×	✓ ✓
	C152	Ground fault set	00(OFF) / 01(ON)	01		X	V
	C155	Out phase-loss set	00(OFF) / 01(ON)	00		X	×
	C160	Response time of intelligent input terminal 1	0. to 200. (x2ms)	1.	_	X	<b>V</b>
	C161	Response time of intelligent input terminal 2	0. to 200. (x2ms)	1.	_	X	· /
	C162	Response time of intelligent input terminal 3	0. to 200. (x2ms)	1.	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C163	Response time of intelligent input terminal 4	0. to 200. (x2ms)	1.	-	Х	<b>V</b>
	C164	Response time of intelligent input terminal 5	0. to 200. (x2ms)	1.	-	X	<b>V</b>
	C169	Multistage speed determination time	0. to 200. (×10ms)	0.	ms	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

#### **H Group: Motor Constants Functions**

✓ : Allowed
X: Not allowed

Eatia.a	Function Code Name		Danes		Llais	Run mode edit	
Function	1 Code	Name	Range	Default	Unit	Lo	Hi
	H003	Motor capacity, 1st motor	0.1/0.2/0.4/0.55/0.75/1.1/1.5/2.2/3.0/3.7/4.0/5.5		kW	Х	Х
Matau	H203	Motor capacity, 2nd motor			kW	Х	Х
Motor constants	H004	Motor poles setting, 1st motor	2/4/6/8	4	poles	Х	Х
and gain	H204	Motor poles setting, 2nd motor		4	poles	Х	Х
and gain	H006	Motor stabilization constant	0. to 255.	100.	-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	H206	Motor stabilization constant, 2nd motor		100.	-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

# **Protective Functions**

#### **Error Codes (Standard)**

Over Current Trip	Over Voltage Trip	Under Voltage Trip		
(Lighting(1sec) & Blink)	(Same Blink(1sec))	(Alternate Blink(1sec))		
● RUN	● RUN	● RUN		
● ALM	● ALM	● ALM		
A		OU = 11		
Over Load Trip	Major Failures *1	Other Failures		
Over Load Trip (Same Lighting)	Major Failures *1 (Light Out & Lighting)	Other Failures (Light Out & Blink(1sec))		
•				

**Error Codes (Operator)** 

Life Codes (Op	ciutory			
Name	Cause(s)		Display on digital operator	
Over current	The inverter output was short-circuited, or the motor shaft is locked or has a heavy load. These conditions cause excessive current for the inverter, so the inverter output is turned OFF.	While at constant speed During deceleration During acceleration Others	E0 1.] E03.] E04.]	
Overload protection *1				
Over voltage protection	When the DC bus voltage exceeds a threshold, due to regenerative energy from the motor.		E 0 7.	
Memory error *2,3	When the built-in memory has problems due to noise or excessive temperature, the inverter trips and turns OFF its output to the motor.		E 0 8.	
Under-voltage error	A decrease of internal DC bus voltage below a threshold results in a central circuit fault. This condition can also generate			
Current detection error	letection error If an error occurs in the internal current detection system, the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code.			
CPU error	CPU error A malfunction in the built-in CPU has occurred, so the inverter trips and turns OFF its output to the motor.			
External trip	A signal on an intelligent input terminal configured as EXT has occurred. The inverter trips and turns OFF the output to the motor.			
USP *4	When the Unattended Start Protection (USP) is enabled, an error occurred when power is applied while present. The inverter trips and does not go into Run Mode until the error is cleared.	a Run signal is	E 13.	
Ground fault *5	The inverter is protected by the detection of ground faults between the inverter output and the motor tests. This feature protects the inverter, and does not protect humans.	during powerup	E 14.	
Input over-voltage	When the input voltage is higher than the specified value, it is detected 100 seconds after powerup a trips and turns OFF its output.	and the inverter	E 15.	
Inverter thermal detection system error	When the cooling fin thermal sensor in the inverter detect disconnection etc, inverter trips.		E 19.	
Inverter thermal trip	When the inverter internal temperature is above the threshold, the thermal sensor in the inverter module excessive temperature of the power devices and trips, turning the inverter output OFF.		E2 I.	
Driver error	An internal inverter error has occurred at the safety protection circuit between the CPU and main driver Excessive electrical noise may be the cause. The inverter has turned OFF the IGBT module output.	unit.	E 30.	
Output phase loss protection	Output Phase Loss Logic Detection (There are undetectable terms of use.)		E 34.	
Low-speed overload protection	If overload occurs during the motor operation at a very low speed, the inverter will detect the overload and shut off the inverter output.		E 38.	
Operator connection failure	When the connection between inverter and operator keypad failed, inverter trips and displays the error of	code.	E40.	
Communications error The inverter's watchdog timer for the communications network has timed out.				

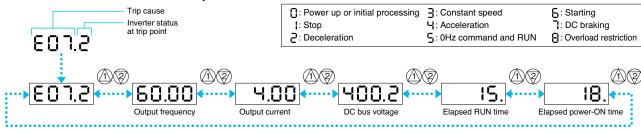
Note 1: Reset operations acceptable 10 seconds after the trip. Note 2: If an memory error (E08) occurs, be sure to confirm the parameter data values are still correct.

Note 3: Memory error may occer at power-on after shutting down the power while copying data with remote operator or initializing data. Shut down the power after completing copy or initialization. Note 4: USP error occures at reseting trip after under-voltage error (E09) if USP is enabled. Reset once more to recover.

Note 5: Ground fault error (E14) cannot be released with resetting. Shut the power and check wiring.

Note 6: When error E08 error, it may be required to perform initialization.

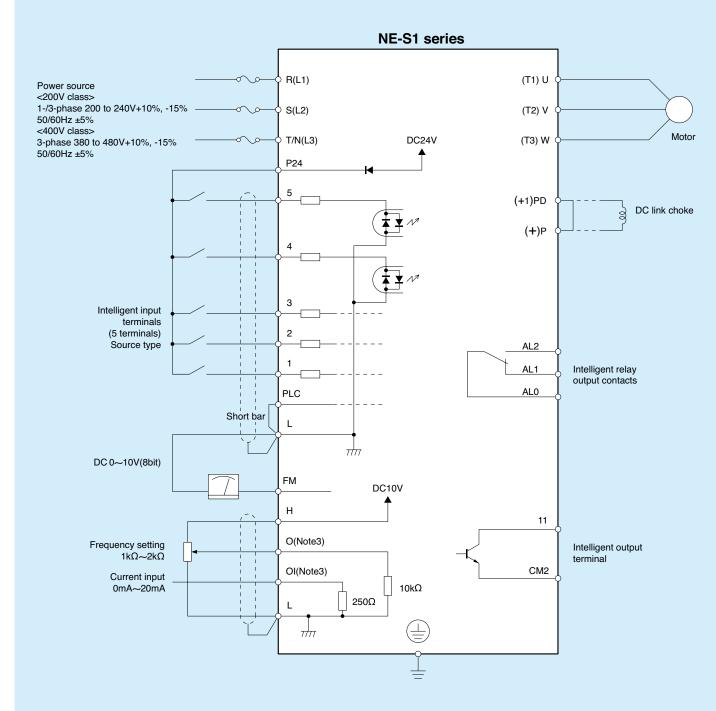
#### How to access the details about the present fault



Note: Indicated inverter status could be different from actual inverter behavior. (e.g. When PID operation or frequency given by analog signal, although it seems constant speed, acceleration and deceleration could be repeated in very short cycle.)

<sup>\*1</sup> The Major fault: When a memory error, CPU error and Ground fault.

#### Source type logic



Note 1: Common terminals are depend on logic.

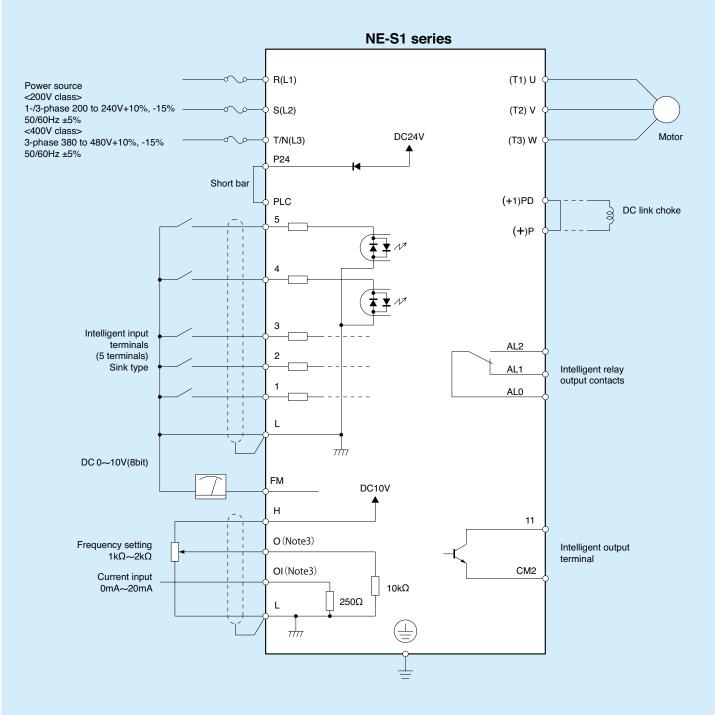
Terminal	1,2,3,4,5	H,O/OI	11
Common	P24	Ш	CM2

Note 2: Please choose proper inverter input voltage rating.

Note 3: Voltage input: 0 to 10V and current input: 0 to 20mA (change parameter to move 4 to 20mA current input).

O and OI is common input terminal (O / OI terminal) change voltage / current input by switch.

#### Sink type logic (default)



Note 1: Common terminals are depend on logic.

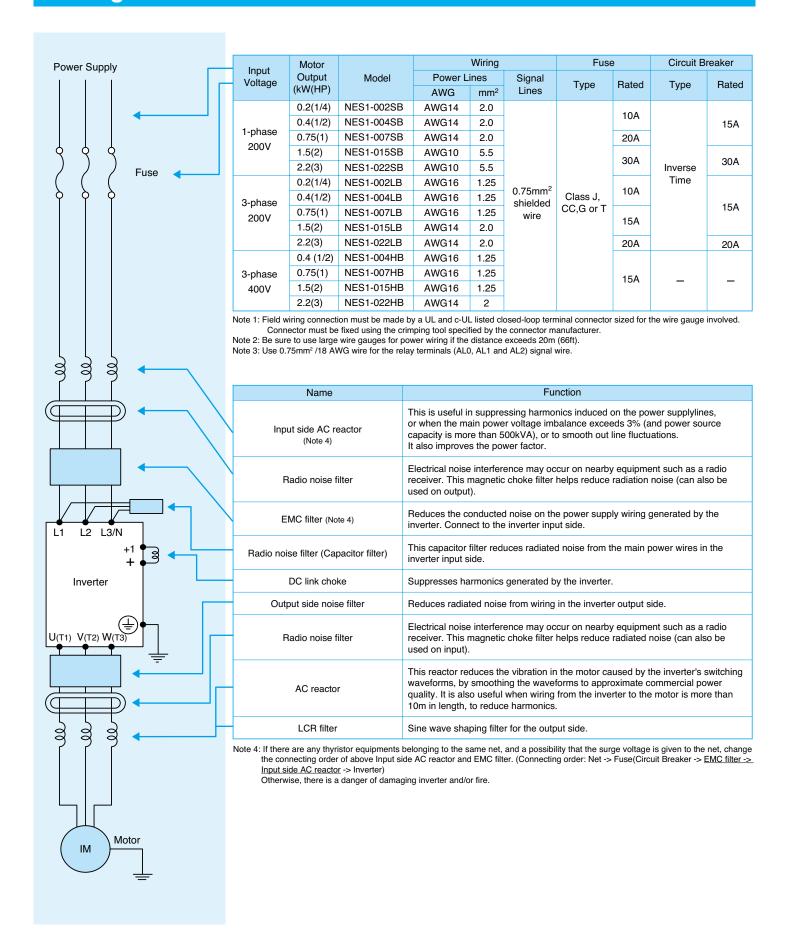
Terminal	1,2,3,4,5,H,O/OI	11
Common	L	CM2

Note 2: Please choose proper inverter input voltage rating.

Note 3: Voltage input: 0 to 10V and current input: 0 to 20mA (change parameter to move 4 to 20mA current input).

O and OI is common input terminal (O / OI terminal) change voltage / current input by switch.

# **Wiring and Accessories**



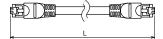
#### Operator, Cable

#### Operator

Model	Potentiometer	Remote Control	Copy function
NES1-OP	0		
OPE-SR mini	0	0	
OPE-SBK		0	
OPE-SR	0	0	
WOP		0	0

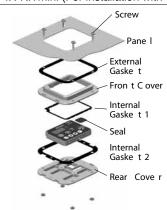
#### Cable

#### Cable <ICS-1、3>



Model	Cable Length
ICS-1	1m(3.3ft)
ICS-3	3m(9.8ft)

#### 4X-KITmini (For installation with OPE-SR mini)



You can mount the keypad with the potentiometer for a NEMA1 rated installation. The kit also provides for removing the potentiometer knob to meet NEMA 4X requirements, as shown (part no.4X-KITmini).

#### Operator

<NES1-OP>



<OPE-SR mini>



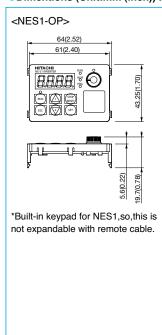
<OPE-SBK(SR)>

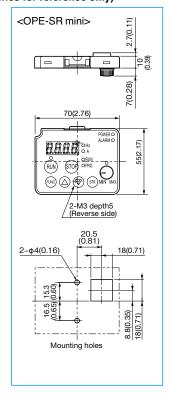


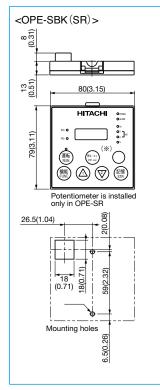
<WOP>

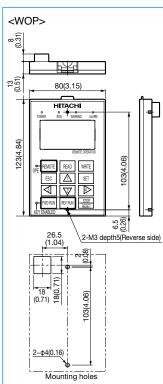


#### Dimentions (Unit:mm (inch)) Inches for reference only)



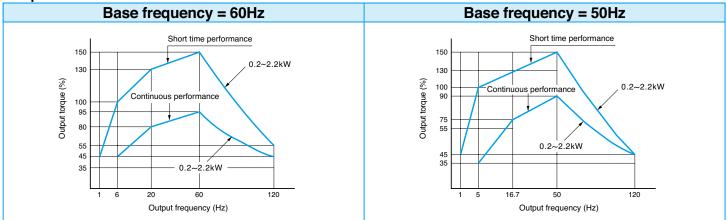






# **Torque characteristics**

**Torque characteristics** 





Hitachi variable frequency drives (inverters) in this brochure are produced at the factory registered under the ISO 14001 standard for environmental manegement system and the ISO 9001 standard for inverter quality management system.

### **For Correct Operation**

#### **Application to Motors**

#### Application to general-purpose motors

Operating frequency	The overspeed endurance of a general-purpose motor is 120% of the rated speed for 2 minutes (JIS C4,004). For operation at higher than 60Hz, it is required to examine the allowable torque of the motor, useful life of bearings, noise, vibration, etc. In this case, be sure to consult the motor manufacturer as the maximum allowable rpm differs depending on the motor capacity, etc.
Torque characteristics	The torque characteristics of driving a general-purpose motor with an inverter differ from those of driving it using commercial power (starting torque decreases in particular). Carefully check the load torque characteristic of a connected machine and the driving torque characteristic of the motor.
Motor loss and temperature increase	The torque characteristics of driving a general-purpose motor with an inverter differ from those of driving it using commercial power
Noise	When run by an inverter, a general-purpose motor generates noise slightly greater than with commercial power.
Vibration	When run by an inverter at variable speeds, the motor may generate vibration, especially because of (a) unbalance of the rotor including a connected machine, or (b) resonance caused by the natural vibration frequency of a mechanical system. Particularly, be careful of (b) when operating at variable speeds a machine previously fitted with a constant speed motor. Vibration can be minimized by (1) avoiding resonance points using the frequency jump function of the inverter, (2) using a tireshaped coupling, or (3) placing a rubber shock absorber beneath the motor base.
Power transmission mechanism	Under continued, low-speed operation, oil lubrication can deteriorate in a power transmission mechanism with an oil-type gear box (gear motor) or reducer. Check with the motor manufacturer for the permissible range of continuous speed. To operate at more than 60Hz, confirm the machine's ability to withstand the centrifugal force generated.

#### Application to special motors

Gear motor	The allowable rotation range of continuous drive varies depending on the lubrication method or motor manufacturer. (Particularly in case of oil lubrication, pay attention to the low frequency range.)
Brake-equipped motor	For use of a brake-equipped motor, be sure to connect the braking power supply from the primary side of the inverter.
Pole-change motor	There are different kinds of pole-change motors (constant output characteristic type, constant torque characteristic type, etc.), with different rated current values. In motor selection, check the maximum allowable current for each motor of a different pole count. At the time of pole changing, be sure to stop the motor. Also see: Application to the 400V-class motor.
Submersible motor	The rated current of a submersible motor is significantly larger than that of the general-purpose motor. In inverter selection, be sure to check the rated current of the motor.
Explosion-proof motor	Inverter drive is not suitable for a safety-enhanced explosion-proof type motor. The inverter should be used in combination with a pressure-proof explosion-proof type of motor.  *Explosion-proof verification is not available for NE-S1 Series.
Synchronous (MS) motor High-speed (HFM) motor	In most cases, the synchronous (MS) motor and the high-speed (HFM) motor are designed and manufactured to meet the specifications suitable for a connected machine. As to proper inverter selection, consult the manufacturer.
Single-phase motor	A single-phase motor is not suitable for variable-speed operation by an inverter drive. Therefore, use a three-phase motor.

#### Application to the 400V-class motor

A system applying a voltage-type PWM inverter with IGBT may have surge voltage at the motor terminals resulting from the cable constants including the cable length and the cable laying method. Depending on the surge current magnification, the motor coil insulation may be degraded. In particular, when a 400V-class motor is used, a longer cable is used, and critical loss can occur, take the following countermeasures:

- (1) install the LCR filter between the inverter and the motor,
- (2) install the AC reactor between the inverter and the motor, or
- (3) enhance the insulation of the motor coil.

### Notes on Use Drive

Run/Stop	Run or stop of the inverter must be done with the keys on the operator panel or through the control circuit terminal. Do not operate by installing a electromagnetic contactor (MC) in the main circuit.
Emergency motor stop	When the protective function is operating or the power supply stops, the motor enters the free run stop state. When an emergency stop is required or when the motor should be kept stopped, use of a mechanical brake should be considered.
High-frequency run	A max. 400Hz can be selected on the NE-S1 Series. However, a two-pole motor can attain up to approx. 24,000 rpm, which is extremely dangerous. Therefore, carefully make selection and settings by checking the mechanical strength of the motor and connected machines. Consult the motor manufacturer when it is necessary to drive a standard (general-purpose) motor above 60 Hz. A full line of high-speed motors is available from Hitachi.

#### About the load of a frequent repetition use

About frequent repetition use (crane, elevator, press, washing machine), a power semiconductor (IGBT, a rectification diode, thyristor) in the inverter may come to remarkably have a short life by thermal fatigue.

The life can be prolonged by lower a load electric current. Lengthen acceleration / deceleration time. Lower carrier frequency, or increasing capacity of the inverter.

#### About the use in highlands beyond 1,000m above sea level

Due to the air density decreasing, whenever standard inverters are used for altitudes above 1,000m, the following conditions are additionally required for proper operation. In application for operation over 2,500m, kindly contact your nearest sales office for assistance.

- 1. Reduction of inverter rated current
  - Current rating has to be reduced 1% for every 100m that exceeds from an altitude of 1,000m.
  - For example, for inverters placed at an altitude of 2,000m, the rated current has to be reduced 10%(Rated current x0.9) from its original amount. {(2,000m-1,000m)/100m\*-1%=-10%}
- 2. Reduction of breakdown voltage
  - Whenever an inverter is used at altitudes beyond 1,000m, the breakdown voltage decreases as follows:
  - 1,000m or less: 1.00 / 1,500m: 0.95 / 2,000m: 0.90 / 2,500m: 0.85.
  - As mentioned in the instruction manual, please avoid any pressure test.

#### Installation location and operating environment

Avoid installation in areas of high temperature, excessive humidity, or where moisture can easily collect, as well as areas that are dusty, subject to corrosive gasses, mist of liquid for grinding, or salt. Install the inverter away from direct sunlight in a well-ventilated room that is free of vibration. The inverter can be operated in the ambient temperature range from -10 to 50°C. (Carrier frequency and output current must be reduced in the range of 40 to 50°C.)

#### Main power supply

Installation of an AC reactor on the input side	In the following examples involving a general-purpose inverter, a large peak current flows on the main power supply side, and is able to destroy the converter module. Where such situations are foreseen or the connected equipment must be highly reliable, install an AC reactor between the power supply and the inverter. Also, where influence of indirect lightning strike is possible, install a lightning conductor.  (A) The unbalance factor of the power supply is 3% or higher. (Note)  (B) The power supply capacity is at least 10 times greater than the inverter capacity (the power supply capacity is 500 kVA or more).  (C) Abrupt power supply changes are expected.  Examples:  (1) Several inverters are interconnected with a short bus.  (2) A thyristor converter and an inverter are interconnected with a short bus.  (3) An installed phase advance capacitor opens and closes.  In cases (A), (B) and (C), it is recommended to install an AC reactor on the main power supply side.  Note: Example calculation with V <sub>RS</sub> = 205V, V <sub>ST</sub> = 201V, V <sub>TR</sub> = 200V  V <sub>RS</sub> : R-S line voltage, V <sub>ST</sub> : S-T line voltage, V <sub>TR</sub> : T-R line voltage  Unbalance factor of voltage =   Max. line voltage (min.) - Mean line voltage  Mean line voltage  Mean line voltage  205-202  x100 = 1.5(%)
Using a private power generator	An inverter run by a private power generator may overheat the generator or suffer from a deformed output voltage waveform of the generator. Generally, the generator capacity should be five times that of the inverter (kVA) in a PWM control system, or six times greater in a PAM control system.

#### **Notes on Peripheral Equipment Selection**

Wiring co	onnections	<ul> <li>(1) Be sure to connect main power wires with R(L1), S(L2), and T(L3) terminals (input) and motor wires to U(T1), V(T2), and W(T3) terminals (output). (Incorrect connection will cause an immediate failure.)</li> <li>(2) Be sure to provide a grounding connection with the ground terminal ( ).</li> </ul>
	Electromagnetic contactor	When an electromagnetic contactor is installed between the inverter and the motor, do not perform on-off switching during running operation.
Wiring between inverter and motor	Thermal relay	When used with standard applicable output motors (standard three-phase squirrel-cage four-pole motors), the NE-S1 Series does not need a thermal relay for motor protection due to the internal electronic protective circuit. A thermal relay, however, should be used: • during continuous running outside a range of 30 to 60 Hz. • for motors exceeding the range of electronic thermal adjustment (rated current). • when several motors are driven by the same inverter; install a thermal relay for each motor. • The RC value of the thermal relay should be more than 1.1 times the rated current of the motor. Where the wiring length is 10 m or more, the thermal relay tends to turn off readily. In this case, provide an AC reactor on the output side or use a current sensor.
Installing a c	circuit breaker	Install a circuit breaker on the main power input side to protect inverter wiring and ensure personal safety. Choose an inverter-compatible circuit breaker. The conventional type may malfunction due to harmonics from the inverter. For more information, consult the circuit breaker manufacturer.
Wiring distance Earth leakage relay Phase advance capacitor		The wiring distance between the inverter and the remote operator panel should be 20 meters or less. Shielded cable should be used on thewiring. Beware of voltage drops on main circuit wires. (A large voltage drop reduces torque.)
		If the earth leakage relay (or earth leakage breaker) is used, it should have a sensitivity level of 15 mA or more (per inverter).
		Do not use a capacitor for power factor improvement between the inverter and the motor because the high-frequency components of the inverter output may overheat or damage the capacitor.

#### **High-frequency Noise and Leakage Current**

- (1) High-frequency components are included in the input/output of the inverter main circuit, and they may cause interference in a transmitter, radio, or sensor if used near the inverter. The interference can be minimized by attaching noise filters (option) in the inverter circuitry.
- (2) The switching action of an inverter causes an increase in leakage current. Be sure to ground the inverter and the motor.

#### **Lifetime of Primary Parts**

Because a DC bus capacitor deteriorates as it undergoes internal chemical reaction, it should normally be replaced every five years. Be aware, however, that its life expectancy is considerably shorter when the inverter is subjected to such adverse factors as high temperatures or heavy loads exceeding the rated current of the inverter. The approximate lifetime of the capacitor is as shown in the figure at the right when it is used 12 hours daily (according to the "Instructions for Periodic Inspection of General-Purpose Inverter " (JEMA).) Also, such moving parts as a cooling fan should be replaced. Maintenance inspection and parts replacement must beperformed by only specified trained personnel. Please plan to replace new INV depends on the load, ambient condition in advance.



#### **Precaution for Correct Usage**

- Before use, be sure to read through the Instruction Manual and QRG(http://www.hitachi-ies.co.jp/english/products/inv/nes1/index.htm) to insure proper use of the inverter.
- Note that the inverter requires electrical wiring; a trained specialist should carry out the wiring.
- The inverter in this catalog is designed for general industrial applications. For special applications in fields such as aircraft, outer space, nuclear power, electrical power, transport vehicles, clinics, and underwater equipment, please consult with us in advance.
- For application in a facility where human life is involved or serious losses may occur, make sure to provide safety devices to avoid a serious accident.
- The inverter is intended for use with a three-phase AC motor. For use with a load other than this, please consult with us.